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2) P ACC ACC TGG ACC ATC GCT GCA GAT GGT  
GGC AAG GCC TGA ATT

Construction of variant L351C+M430C+T183\*+G184\*: This variant was constructed by combining the L351 C+M430C pairwise substitution mutation and the T183\*+G184\* pairwise deletion mutation by subcloning an approximately 1430 bp HindIII-Af/III fragment containing L351C+M430C into a pTVB106-like plasmid (with the T183\*+G184\* mutations) digested with the same enzymes.

Construction of variant Y243F+T183\*+G184\*: This variant was constructed by combining the Y243F mutation and the T183\*+G184\* mutation by subcloning an approximately 1148 bp DrdI fragment containing T183\*+G184\* into a pTVB106-like plasmid (with the Y243 mutation) digested with the same enzyme.

*Bacillus subtilis* transformants were screened for  $\alpha$ -amylase activity on starch-containing agar plates and the presence of the correct mutations was checked by DNA sequencing.

Construction of variant Y243F+T183\*+G184\*+L351C+M430C: The L351C+M430C pairwise substitution mutation was subcloned as an approximately 470 bp XmaI-SaI fragment into a pTVB106-like vector (containing Y243F+T183\*+G184\*) digested with the same enzymes.

Construction of variant Y243F+T183\*+G184\*+L351C+M430C+Q391 E+K444Q: A pPM103-like vector containing the mutations Y243F+T183\*+G184\*+L351C+M430C was constructed by substituting the truncated version of SF16 in pPM103 with the approximately 1440 bp BstBI-SaI fragment of the pTVB106-like vector containing the five mutations in question. The Q391E and K444Q mutations were introduced simultaneously into the pPM103-like vector (containing Y243F+T183\*+G184\*+L351C+M430C) by the use of the following two mutagenesis primers in a manner similar to the previously described mutagenesis on pPM103:

P GGC AAAAGT TTG ACG TGC CTC GAG AAAGG  
GTC TAT

P TTG TCC CGC TTT ATT CTG GCC AA ATA CAT  
CCA TTT

B: Construction of Variants of the Parent  $\alpha$ -amylase having the Amino Acid Sequence Shown in SEQ ID No. 2

Description of plasmid pTVB112: A vector, denoted pTVB112, to be used for the expression in *B. subtilis* of the  $\alpha$ -amylase having the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID No. 2 was constructed. This vector is very similar to pTVB106 except that the gene encoding the mature  $\alpha$ -amylase of SEQ ID No. 2 is inserted between the PstI and the HindIII sites in pTVB106. Thus, the expression of this  $\alpha$ -amylase (SEQ ID No. 2) is also directed by the amyL promoter and signal sequence. The plasmid pTVB112 is shown in FIG. 4.

Construction of variant D183\*+G184\*: The construction of this variant was achieved using the PCR overlap extension mutagenesis method referred to earlier (vide supra). Primers #8573 and B1 were used in PCR reaction A, and primers #8569 and #8570 were used in PCR reaction B. The purified fragments from reaction A and reaction B and primers 1B and #8570 were used in PCR reaction C, resulting in an approximately 1020 bp DNA fragment. This fragment was digested with restriction endonucleases PstI and MluI, and subcloned into the expression vector and transformed into *B. subtilis*.

Construction of further variants: By analogy with the construction (vide supra) of the plasmid pPM103 used in the production of mutants of the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID No. 1, a plasmid (denoted pTVB114; shown in FIG. 5) was constructed for the continued mutagenesis on variant

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D183\*+G184\* (SEQ ID No. 2). Mutations were introduced in pTVB114 (SEQ ID No. 2; D183\*+G184\*) in a manner similar to that for pPM103 (SEQ ID No. 1).

For the construction of the pairwise deletion variants R181\*+D183\* and R181\*+G182\*, it was chosen to alter the flanking amino acids in the variant D183\*+G184\* instead of deleting the specified amino acids in the wild type gene for SEQ ID No. 2. The following mutagenesis primer was used for the mutagenesis with pTVB114 as template:

PCC CAA TCC CAA GCT TTA CCA (T/C)CG AA TTG  
TAG ATA CG

The presence of a mixture of two bases (T/C) at one position allows for the presence of two different deletion flanking amino acid based on one mutagenesis primer. DNA sequencing of the resulting plasmids verifies the presence of either the one or the other mutation. The mutated gene of interest is subcloned as a PstI-DraIII fragment into pTVB112 digested with the same enzymes and transformed into *B. subtilis*.

For the construction of G182\*+G184\* and R181\*+G184\*, the following mutagenesis primer was used with pTVB114 as template:

PCC CAA TCC CAA GCT TTA TCT C(C/G)G AAC  
TTG TAG ATA CG

As before, the presence of a mixture of two bases (C/G) at one position allows for the presence of two different deletion flanking amino acid based on one mutagenesis primer. DNA sequencing of the resulting plasmids verifies the presence of either the one or the other mutation. The mutated gene of interest is subcloned as a PstI-DraIII fragment into pTVB112 digested with the same enzymes and transformed into *B. subtilis*.

For the construction of D183\*+G184\*+M202L the following mutagenesis primer was used:

PGA TCC ATA TCG ACG TCT GCA TAC AGT AAA  
TAA TC

For the construction of D183\*+G184\*+M202I the following mutagenesis primer was used:

PGA TCC ATA TCG ACG TCT GCA TAA ATT AAA  
TAA TC

### EXAMPLE 3

Determination of Oxidation Stability of M202 Substitution Variants of the Parent  $\alpha$ -amylases having the Amino Acid Sequences Shown in SEQ ID No. 1 and SEQ ID No. 2

A: Oxidation Stability of Variants of the Sequence in SEQ ID No. 1

The measurements were made using solutions of the respective variants in 50 mM Britton-Robinson buffer (50 mM acetic acid, 50 mM phosphoric acid, 50 mM boric acid, 0.1 mM  $\text{CaCl}_2$ , pH adjusted to the value of interest with NaOH), pH 9.0, to which hydrogen peroxide was added (at time  $t=0$ ) to give a final concentration of 200 mM  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ . The solutions were then incubated at 40°C in a water bath.

After incubation for 5, 10, 15 and 20 minutes after addition of hydrogen peroxide, the residual  $\alpha$ -amylase activity was measured using the Phadebas assay described above. The residual activity in the samples was measured using 50 mM Britton-Robinson buffer, pH 7.3, at 37°C (see Novo analytical publication AF207-1/1, available on request from Novo Nordisk A/S). The decline in activity was measured relative to a corresponding reference solution of the same enzyme at 0 minutes which was not incubated with hydrogen peroxide (100% activity).

The percentage of initial activity as a function of time is shown in the table below for the parent enzyme (SEQ ID No. 1) and for the variants in question.

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Variant	% Activity after incubation for (minutes)				
	0	5	10	15	20
M202L	100	90	72	58	27
M202F	100	100	87	71	43
M202A	100	99	82	64	30
M202I	100	91	75	59	28
M202T	100	87	65	49	20
M202V	100	100	87	74	43
M202S	100	100	85	68	34
Parent	100	51	26	13	2

All the M202 substitution variants tested clearly exhibit significantly improved stability towards oxidation relative to the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase (SEQ ID No. 1).

B: Oxidation Stability of Variants of the Sequence in SEQ ID No. 2

Measurements were made as described above using the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase in question (SEQ ID No. 2), the variant M202L+D183\*+G184\* (designated L in the table below) and the variant M202I+D183\*+G184\* (designated I in the table below), respectively. In this case, incubation times (after addition of hydrogen peroxide) of 5, 10, 15 and 30 minutes were employed. As in the table above, the percentage of initial activity as a function of time is shown in the table below for the parent enzyme and for the variants in question.

Variant	% Activity after incubation for (minutes)				
	0	5	10	15	30
L	100	91	85	71	43
I	100	81	61	44	18
Parent	100	56	26	14	4

The two "substitution+pairwise deletion" variants tested (which both comprise an M202 substitution) clearly exhibit significantly improved stability towards oxidation relative to the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase (SEQ ID No. 2).

#### EXAMPLE 4

Determination of Thermal Stability of Variants of the Parent  $\alpha$ -amylases having the Amino Acid Sequences Shown in SEQ ID No. 1 and SEQ ID No. 2

A: Thermal Stability of Pairwise Deletion Variants of the Sequence in SEQ ID No. 1

Measurements were made using solutions of the respective variants in 50 mM Britton-Robinson buffer (vide supra), pH 9.0. The solutions were incubated at 65°C in a water bath, and samples were withdrawn after incubation for the indicated periods of time. The residual  $\alpha$ -amylase activity of each withdrawn sample was measured using the Phadebas assay, as described above. The decline in activity was measured relative to a corresponding reference solution of the same enzyme at 0 minutes which was not incubated (100% activity).

The percentage of initial activity as a function of time is shown in the table below for the parent enzyme (SEQ ID No. 1) and for the following pairwise deletion variants in question:

Variant 1: R181\*+G182\*  
Variant 2: R181\*+T183\*  
Variant 3: G182\*+G184\*

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Variant 4: T183\*+G184\*

Variant 5: T183\*+G184\*+R124P

Variant	% Activity after incubation for (minutes)						
	0	5	10	15	30	45	60
1	100	81	66	49	24	14	8
2	100	80	53	39	17	8	3
3	100	64	40	28	10	4	2
4	100	64	43	34	20	8	5
5	100	78	73	66	57	47	38
Parent	100	13	2	0	0	0	0

It is apparent that all of the pairwise deletion variants tested exhibit significantly improved thermal stability relative to the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase (SEQ ID No. 1), and that the thermal stability of Variant 5, which in addition to the pairwise deletion mutation of Variant 4 comprises the substitution R124P, is markedly higher than that of the other variants. Since calorimetric results for the substitution variant R124P (comprising only the substitution R124P) reveal an approximately 7°C thermostabilization thereof relative to the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase, it appears that the thermostabilizing effects of the mutation R124P and the pairwise deletion, respectively, reinforce each other.

B: Thermal Stability of Pairwise Deletion Variants of the Sequence in SEQ ID No. 2

Corresponding measurements were made for the parent enzyme (SEQ ID No. 2) and for the following pairwise deletion variants:

Variant A: D183\*+G184\*

Variant B: R181\*+G182\*

Variant C: G182\*+G184\*

Variant	% Activity after incubation for (minutes)				
	0	5	10	15	30
A	100	87	71	63	30
B	100	113	85	76	58
C	100	99	76	62	34
Parent	100	72	55	44	18

Again, it is apparent that the pairwise deletion variants in question exhibit significantly improved thermal stability relative to the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase (SEQ ID No. 2).

C: Thermal Stability of a Multi-combination Variant of the Sequence in SEQ ID No. 1

Corresponding comparative measurements were also made for the following variants of the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ ID No. 1:

Variant 4: T183\*+G184\*

Variant 6: L351C+M430C

Variant 7: Y243F

Variant 8: Q391E+K444Q

Variant 9: T183\*+G184\*+L351C+M430C+Y243F+Q391E+K444Q

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Variant	% Activity after incubation for (minutes)				
	0	5	10	15	30
4	100	66	41	22	7
6	100	87	73	65	43
7	100	14	2	1	0
8	100	69	46	31	14
9	100	92	93	89	82

Again, it appears that the thermostabilizing effect of multiple mutations, each of which has a thermostabilizing effect, is—at least qualitatively—cumulative.

#### EXAMPLE 5

##### Calcium-binding Affinity of $\alpha$ -amylase Variants of the Invention

Unfolding of amylases by exposure to heat or to denaturants such as guanidine hydrochloride is accompanied by a decrease in fluorescence. Loss of calcium ions leads to unfolding, and the affinity of a series of  $\alpha$ -amylases for calcium can be measured by fluorescence measurements before and after incubation of each  $\alpha$ -amylase (e.g. at a concentration of 1  $\mu$ g/ml) in a buffer (e.g. 50 mM HEPES, pH 7) with different concentrations of calcium (e.g. in the range of 1  $\mu$ M–100 mM) or of EGTA (e.g. in the range of 1–1000  $\mu$ M) [EGTA=1,2-di(2-aminoethoxy)ethane-N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid] for a sufficiently long period of time such as 22 hours at 55°C).

The measured fluorescence  $F$  is composed of contributions from the folded and unfolded forms of the enzyme. The following equation can be derived to describe the dependence of  $F$  on calcium concentration ( $[Ca]$ ):

$$F = \frac{[Ca](K_{diss} + [Ca])(\alpha_N - \beta_N \log([Ca])) + K_{diss}(\alpha_U - \beta_U \log([Ca]))}{\log([Ca])}$$

where  $\alpha_N$  is the fluorescence of the native (folded) form of the enzyme,  $\beta_N$  is the linear dependence of  $\alpha_N$  on the logarithm of the calcium concentration (as observed experimentally),  $\alpha_U$  is the fluorescence of the unfolded form and  $\beta_U$  is the linear dependence of  $\alpha_U$  on the logarithm of the calcium concentration.  $K_{diss}$  is the apparent calcium-binding constant for an equilibrium process as follows:

$$K_{diss}$$

$N-Ca \rightleftharpoons U+Ca$  (N=native enzyme; U=unfolded enzyme)

In fact, unfolding proceeds extremely slowly and is irreversible. The rate of unfolding is a dependent on calcium concentration, and the dependency for a given  $\alpha$ -amylase provides a measure of the Ca-binding affinity of the enzyme. By defining a standard set of reaction conditions (e.g. 22 hours at 55°C), a meaningful comparison of  $K_{diss}$  for different  $\alpha$ -amylases can be made. The calcium dissociation curves for  $\alpha$ -amylases in general can be fitted to the equation above, allowing determination of the corresponding values of  $K_{diss}$ .

The following values for  $K_{diss}$  were obtained for the parent  $\alpha$ -amylases having the amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID No. 1 and SEQ ID No. 2, and for the indicated  $\alpha$ -amylase variants according to the invention (the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase being indicated in parentheses):

Variant	$K_{diss}$ (mol/l)
D183* + G184* (SEQ ID No. 2)	$1.2 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$
L351C + M430C + T183* + G184* (SEQ ID No. 1)	$1.7 (\pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$
T183* + G184* (SEQ ID No. 1)	$4.3 (\pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$
SEQ ID No. 2 (parent)	$4.2 (\pm 1.2) \times 10^{-2}$
SEQ ID No. 1 (parent)	$3.5 (\pm 1.1) \times 10^{-1}$

It is apparent from the above that the calcium-binding affinity of the latter  $\alpha$ -amylolytic enzymes decreases in a downward direction through the above table, i.e. that the pairwise deletion variant D183\*+G184\*(SEQ ID No. 2) binds calcium most strongly (i.e. has the lowest calcium dependency) whilst the parent  $\alpha$ -amylase of SEQ ID No. 1 binds calcium least strongly (i.e. has the highest calcium dependency).

#### REFERENCES CITED IN THE SPECIFICATION

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## SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 32

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 485 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

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His His Asn Gly Thr Asn Gly Thr Met Met Gln Tyr Phe Glu Trp Tyr
1      5      10      15
Leu Pro Asn Asp Gly Asn His Trp Asn Arg Leu Arg Asp Asp Ala Ala
20     25     30
Asn Leu Lys Ser Lys Gly Ile Thr Ala Val Trp Ile Pro Pro Ala Trp
35     40     45
Lys Gly Thr Ser Gln Asn Asp Val Gly Tyr Gly Ala Tyr Asp Leu Tyr
50     55     60
Asp Leu Gly Glu Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Thr Val Arg Thr Lys Tyr Gly
65     70     75     80
Thr Arg Asn Gln Leu Gln Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Leu Lys Asn Asn Gly
85     90     95
Ile Gln Val Tyr Gly Asp Val Val Met Asn His Lys Gly Gly Ala Asp
100    105    110
Gly Thr Glu Ile Val Asn Ala Val Glu Val Asn Arg Ser Asn Arg Asn
115    120    125
Gln Glu Thr Ser Gly Glu Tyr Ala Ile Glu Ala Trp Thr Lys Phe Asp
130    135    140
Phe Pro Gly Arg Gly Asn Asn His Ser Ser Phe Lys Trp Arg Trp Tyr
145    150    155    160
His Phe Asp Gly Thr Asp Trp Asp Gln Ser Arg Gln Leu Gln Asn Lys
165    170    175
Ile Tyr Lys Phe Arg Gly Thr Gly Lys Ala Trp Asp Trp Glu Val Asp
180    185    190
Thr Glu Asn Gly Asn Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Met Tyr Ala Asp Val Asp Met
195    200    205
Asp His Pro Glu Val Ile His Glu Leu Arg Asn Trp Gly Val Trp Tyr
210    215    220
Thr Asn Thr Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Phe Arg Ile Asp Ala Val Lys His
225    230    235    240
Ile Lys Tyr Ser Phe Thr Arg Asp Trp Leu Thr His Val Arg Asn Thr
245    250    255
Thr Gly Lys Pro Met Phe Ala Val Ala Glu Phe Trp Lys Asn Asp Leu
260    265    270
Gly Ala Ile Glu Asn Tyr Leu Asn Lys Thr Ser Trp Asn His Ser Val
275    280    285
Phe Asp Val Pro Leu His Tyr Asn Leu Tyr Asn Ala Ser Asn Ser Gly
290    295    300
Gly Tyr Tyr Asp Met Arg Asn Ile Leu Asn Gly Ser Val Val Gln Lys
305    310    315    320

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His	Pro	Thr	His	Ala	Val	Thr	Phe	Val	Asp	Asn	His	Asp	Ser	Gln	Pro		
				325						330						335	
Gly	Glu	Ala	Leu	Glu	Ser	Phe	Val	Gln	Gln	Trp	Phe	Lys	Pro	Leu	Ala		
				340						345						350	
Tyr	Ala	Leu	Val	Leu	Thr	Arg	Glu	Gln	Gly	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Tyr		
				355						360						365	
Gly	Asp	Tyr	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Pro	Thr	His	Gly	Val	Pro	Ala	Met	Lys	Ser		
				370						375						380	
Lys	Ile	Asp	Pro	Leu	Leu	Gln	Ala	Arg	Gln	Thr	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Thr		
				385						390						395	
Gln	His	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Asp	His	His	Asp	Ile	Ile	Gly	Trp	Thr	Arg	Glu		
				405						410						415	
Gly	Asn	Ser	Ser	His	Pro	Asn	Ser	Gly	Leu	Ala	Thr	Ile	Met	Ser	Asp		
				420						425						430	
Gly	Pro	Gly	Gly	Asn	Lys	Trp	Met	Tyr	Val	Gly	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ala	Gly		
				435						440						445	
Gln	Val	Trp	Arg	Asp	Ile	Thr	Gly	Asn	Arg	Thr	Gly	Thr	Val	Thr	Ile		
				450						455						460	
Asn	Ala	Asp	Gly	Trp	Gly	Asn	Phe	Ser	Val	Asn	Gly	Gly	Ser	Val	Ser		
				465						470						475	
Val	Trp	Val	Lys	Gln													
				485													

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 485 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

His 1	His	Asn	Gly	Thr 5	Asn	Gly	Thr	Met 10	Met	Gln	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Trp 15	His
Leu	Pro	Asn	Asp 20	Gly	Asn	His	Trp	Asn 25	Arg	Leu	Arg	Asp 30	Asp	Ala	Ser
Asn	Leu	Arg 35	Asn	Arg	Gly	Ile	Thr 40	Ala	Ile	Trp	Ile 45	Pro	Pro	Ala	Trp
Lys 50	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gln	Asn 55	Asp	Val	Gly	Tyr	Gly 60	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Tyr
Asp 65	Leu	Gly	Glu	Phe 70	Asn	Gln	Lys	Gly	Thr 75	Val	Arg	Thr	Lys	Tyr 80	Gly
Thr	Arg	Ser	Gln	Leu 85	Glu	Ser	Ala	Ile 90	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	Asn 95	Asn	Gly
Val	Gln	Val	Tyr 100	Gly	Asp	Val	Val	Met 105	Asn	His	Lys	Gly 110	Gly	Ala	Asp
Ala	Thr 115	Glu	Asn	Val	Leu	Ala	Val 120	Glu	Val	Asn 125	Pro	Asn	Asn	Arg	Asn
Gln 130	Glu	Ile	Ser	Gly	Asp 135	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Glu	Ala 140	Trp	Thr	Lys	Phe	Asp
Phe 145	Pro	Gly	Arg	Gly	Asn 150	Thr	Tyr	Ser	Asp 155	Phe	Lys	Trp	Arg	Trp 160	Tyr
His	Phe	Asp 165	Gly	Val	Asp	Trp	Asp 170	Gln	Ser	Arg 175	Gln	Phe	Gln	Asn	Arg



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Ile Tyr Lys Phe Arg Gly Asp Gly Lys Ala Trp Asp Trp Glu Val Asp  
180 185 190

Ser Glu Asn Gly Asn Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Met Tyr Ala Asp Val Asp Met  
195 200 205

Asp His Pro Glu Val Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Arg Trp Gly Glu Trp Tyr  
210 215 220

Thr Asn Thr Leu Asn Leu Asp Gly Phe Arg Ile Asp Ala Val Lys His  
225 230 235 240

Ile Lys Tyr Ser Phe Thr Arg Asp Trp Leu Thr His Val Arg Asn Ala  
245 250 255

Thr Gly Lys Glu Met Phe Ala Val Ala Glu Phe Trp Lys Asn Asp Leu  
260 265 270

Gly Ala Leu Glu Asn Tyr Leu Asn Lys Thr Asn Trp Asn His Ser Val  
275 280 285

Phe Asp Val Pro Leu His Tyr Asn Leu Tyr Asn Ala Ser Asn Ser Gly  
290 295 300

Gly Asn Tyr Asp Met Ala Lys Leu Leu Asn Gly Thr Val Val Gln Lys  
305 310 315 320

His Pro Met His Ala Val Thr Phe Val Asp Asn His Asp Ser Gln Pro  
325 330 335

Gly Glu Ser Leu Glu Ser Phe Val Gln Glu Trp Phe Lys Pro Leu Ala  
340 345 350

Tyr Ala Leu Ile Leu Thr Arg Glu Gln Gly Tyr Pro Ser Val Phe Tyr  
355 360 365

Gly Asp Tyr Tyr Gly Ile Pro Thr His Ser Val Pro Ala Met Lys Ala  
370 375 380

Lys Ile Asp Pro Ile Leu Glu Ala Arg Gln Asn Phe Ala Tyr Gly Thr  
385 390 395 400

Gln His Asp Tyr Phe Asp His His Asn Ile Ile Gly Trp Thr Arg Glu  
405 410 415

Gly Asn Thr Thr His Pro Asn Ser Gly Leu Ala Thr Ile Met Ser Asp  
420 425 430

Gly Pro Gly Gly Glu Lys Trp Met Tyr Val Gly Gln Asn Lys Ala Gly  
435 440 445

Gln Val Trp His Asp Ile Thr Gly Asn Lys Pro Gly Thr Val Thr Ile  
450 455 460

Asn Ala Asp Gly Trp Ala Asn Phe Ser Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Val Ser  
465 470 475 480

Ile Trp Val Lys Arg  
485

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 514 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

Ala Ala Pro Phe Asn Gly Thr Met Met Gln Tyr Phe Glu Trp Tyr Leu  
1 5 10 15

Pro Asp Asp Gly Thr Leu Trp Thr Lys Val Ala Asn Glu Ala Asn Asn  
20 25 30

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Leu Ser Ser Leu Gly Ile Thr Ala Leu Trp Leu Pro Pro Ala Tyr Lys  
 35 40 45  
 Gly Thr Ser Arg Ser Asp Val Gly Tyr Gly Val Tyr Asp Leu Tyr Asp  
 50 55 60  
 Leu Gly Glu Phe Asn Gln Lys Gly Ala Val Arg Thr Lys Tyr Gly Thr  
 65 70 75 80  
 Lys Ala Gln Tyr Leu Gln Ala Ile Gln Ala Ala His Ala Ala Gly Met  
 85 90 95  
 Gln Val Tyr Ala Asp Val Val Phe Asp His Lys Gly Gly Ala Asp Gly  
 100 105 110  
 Thr Glu Trp Val Asp Ala Val Glu Val Asn Pro Ser Asp Arg Asn Gln  
 115 120 125  
 Glu Ile Ser Gly Thr Tyr Gln Ile Gln Ala Trp Thr Lys Phe Asp Phe  
 130 135 140  
 Pro Gly Arg Gly Asn Thr Tyr Ser Ser Phe Lys Trp Arg Trp Tyr His  
 145 150 155 160  
 Phe Asp Gly Val Asp Trp Asp Glu Ser Arg Lys Leu Ser Arg Ile Tyr  
 165 170 175  
 Lys Phe Arg Gly Ile Gly Lys Ala Trp Asp Trp Glu Val Asp Thr Glu  
 180 185 190  
 Asn Gly Asn Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Met Tyr Ala Asp Leu Asp Met Asp His  
 195 200 205  
 Pro Glu Val Val Thr Glu Leu Lys Ser Trp Gly Lys Trp Tyr Val Asn  
 210 215 220  
 Thr Thr Asn Ile Asp Gly Phe Arg Leu Asp Ala Val Lys His Ile Lys  
 225 230 235 240  
 Phe Ser Phe Phe Pro Asp Trp Leu Ser Asp Val Arg Ser Gln Thr Gly  
 245 250 255  
 Lys Pro Leu Phe Thr Val Gly Glu Tyr Trp Ser Tyr Asp Ile Asn Lys  
 260 265 270  
 Leu His Asn Tyr Ile Met Lys Thr Asn Gly Thr Met Ser Leu Phe Asp  
 275 280 285  
 Ala Pro Leu His Asn Lys Phe Tyr Thr Ala Ser Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr  
 290 295 300  
 Phe Asp Met Arg Thr Leu Met Thr Asn Thr Leu Met Lys Asp Gln Pro  
 305 310 315 320  
 Thr Leu Ala Val Thr Phe Val Asp Asn His Asp Thr Glu Pro Gly Gln  
 325 330 335  
 Ala Leu Gln Ser Trp Val Asp Pro Trp Phe Lys Pro Leu Ala Tyr Ala  
 340 345 350  
 Phe Ile Leu Thr Arg Gln Glu Gly Tyr Pro Cys Val Phe Tyr Gly Asp  
 355 360 365  
 Tyr Tyr Gly Ile Pro Gln Tyr Asn Ile Pro Ser Leu Lys Ser Lys Ile  
 370 375 380  
 Asp Pro Leu Leu Ile Ala Arg Arg Asp Tyr Ala Tyr Gly Thr Gln His  
 385 390 395 400  
 Asp Tyr Leu Asp His Ser Asp Ile Ile Gly Trp Thr Arg Glu Gly Val  
 405 410 415  
 Thr Glu Lys Pro Gly Ser Gly Leu Ala Ala Leu Ile Thr Asp Gly Pro  
 420 425 430  
 Gly Gly Ser Lys Trp Met Tyr Val Gly Lys Gln His Ala Gly Lys Val  
 435 440 445

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Phe Tyr Asp Leu Thr Gly Asn Arg Ser Asp Thr Val Thr Ile Asn Ser  
 450 455 460

Asp Gly Trp Gly Glu Phe Lys Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Val Ser Val Trp  
 465 470 475 480

Val Pro Arg Lys Thr Thr Val Ser Thr Ile Ala Trp Ser Ile Thr Thr  
 485 490 495

Arg Pro Trp Thr Asp Glu Phe Val Arg Trp Thr Glu Pro Arg Leu Val  
 500 505 510

Ala Trp

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1455 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

CATCATATG GAACAAATG TACTATGATG CAATATTTG AATGGTATTT GCCAAATGAC	60
GGGAATCATT GGAACAGGTI GAGGGATGAC GCAGCTAACT TAAAGAGTAA AGGGATAACA	120
GCTGTATGGA TCCCACCTGC ATGGAAGGGG ACTTCCCAGA ATGATGTAGG TTATGGAGCC	180
TATGATTTAT ATGATCTTGG AGAGTTTAAAC CAGAAGGGGA CGGTTCTGTAC AAAATATGGA	240
ACACGCAACC AGCTACAGGC TCGGGTGACC TCTTTAAAAA ATAACGGCAT TCAGGTATAT	300
GGTGATGTCG TCATGAATCA TAAAGGTGGA GCAGATGGTA CGGAAATTGT AAATGCGGTA	360
GAAGTGAATC GGAGCAACCG AAACCAGGAA ACCTCAGGAG AGTATGCAAT AGAAGCGTGG	420
ACAAAGTTTG ATTTTCTCGG AAGAGGAAAT AACCATTCCT GCTTTAAGTG GCGCTGGTAT	480
CATTTTGATG GGACAGATTG GGATCAGTCA CGCCAGCTTC AAAACAAAAT ATATAAATTC	540
AGGGGAACAG GCAAGGCCTG GGAATGGGAA GTCGATACAG AGAATGGCAA CTATGACTAT	600
CTTATGTATG CAGACGTGGA TATGGATCAC CCAGAAGTAA TACATGAACT TAGAACTGG	660
GGAGTGTGGT ATACGAATAC ACTGAACCTT GATGGATTGA GAATAGATGC AGTGAAACAT	720
ATAAAATATA GCTTTACGAG AGATGGCTT ACACATGTGC GTAACCCAC AGGTAAACCA	780
ATGTTTGCGG TGGCTGAGTT TTGGAAAAAT GACCTTGGTG CAATTGAAAA CTATTGGAAT	840
AAAACAAGTT GGAATCACTC GGTGTTTGAT GTTCTCTTCC ACTATAATTT GTACAATGCA	900
TCTAATAGCG GTGGTTATTA TGATATGAGA AATATTTTAA ATGGTTCTGT GGTGCAAAAA	960
CATCCAACAC ATGCCGTTAC TTTTGTGAT AACCATGATT CTCAGCCCGG GGAAGCATTG	1020
GAATCCCTTG TTCAACAATG GTTTAAACCA CTTGCATATG CATTTGGTTCT GACAAGGGAA	1080
CAAGGTTATC CTTCCGTATT TTATGGGGAT TACTACGGTA TCCCAACCCA TGGTGTTCCTG	1140
GCTATGAAAT CTAAATAGA CCCTCTTCTG CAGGCACGTC AAATTTTTCG CTATGGTACG	1200
CAGCATGATT ACTTTGATCA TCATGATATT ATCGGTTGGA CAAGAGAGGG AAATAGCTCC	1260
CATCCAATTT CAGGCCTTGC CACCATTATG TCAGATGGTC CAGGTGGTAA CAAATGGATG	1320
TATGTGGGGA AAAATAAAGC GGGACAAGTT TGGAGAGATA TTACCGGAAA TAGGACAGGC	1380
ACCGTCACAA TTAATGCAGA CGGATGGGGT AATTTCTCTG TTAATGGAGG GTCCGTTTCG	1440
GTTTGGGTGA AGCAA	1455

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:



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- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1455 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

```

CATCATAATG GGACAAATGG GACGATGATG CAATACTTTG AATGGCACTT GCCTAATGAT   50
GGGAATCACT GGAATAGATT AAGAGATGAT GCTAGTAATC TAAGAAATAG AGGTATAACC   120
GCTATTTGGA TTCCGCCTGC CTGGAAGGG ACTTCGCAA ATGATGTGGG GTATGGAGCC   180
TATGATCTTT ATGATTTAGS GGAATTTAAT CAAAAGGGGA CGGTTCTGAC TAAGTATGGG   240
ACACGTAGTC AATTGGAGTC TGCCATCCAT GCTTTAAGA ATAATGGCGT TCAAGTTTAT   300
GGGGATGTAG TGATGAACCA TAAAGGAGGA GCTGATGCTA CAGAAAACGT TCTTGCTGTC   360
GAGGTGAATC CAAATAACCG GAATCAAGAA ATATCTGGGG ACTACACAAT TGAGGCTTGG   420
ACTAAGTTTG ATTTCCAGG GAGGGGTAAT ACATACTCAG ACTTTAATG GCGTTGGTAT   480
CATTTCCGATG GTGTAGATTG GGATCAATCA CGACAATCC AAAATCGTAT CTACAAATTC   540
CGAGGTGATG GTAAGGCATG GGATTGGGAA GTAGATTCGG AAAATGGAAA TTATGATTAT   600
TTAATGTATG CAGATGTAGA TATGGATCAT CCGGAGGTAG TAAATGAGCT TAGAAGATGG   660
GGAGAATGGT ATACAAATAC ATTAAATCTT GATGGATTTA GGATCGATGC GGTGAAGCAT   720
ATTAAATATA GCTTACACG TGATTGGTTG ACCCATGTAA GAAACGCAAC GGGAAAAGAA   780
ATGTTTGCTG TTGTGTAATT TTGGAATAAT GATTTAGGTG CCTTGGAGAA CTATTTAAAT   840
AAAACAAACT GGAATCATTC TGTCTTTGAT GTCCCCCTTC ATTATAATCT TTATAACGCG   900
TCAAAATAGT GAGGCAACTA TGACATGGCA AAACCTCTTA ATGGAACGGT TGTTCAAAAG   960
CATCCAATGC ATGCCGTAAC TTTTGTGGAT AATCACGATT CTCAACCTGG GGAATCATT   1020
GAATCATTIG TACAAGAATG GTTTAAGCCA CTGCTTATG CGCTTATTTT AACAAAGAA   1080
CAAGGCTATC CCTCTGTCTT CTATGGTGAC TACTATGGAA TTCCAACACA TAGTGTCCTCA   1140
GCAATGAAAG CCAAGATTGA TCCAATCTTA GAGGCGCGTC AAAATTTTGC ATATGGAACA   1200
CAACATGATT ATTTTGACCA TCATAATATA ATCGGATGGA CACGTGAAGG AAATACCACG   1260
CATCCCAATT CAGGACTTGC GACTATCATG TCGGATGGGC CAGGGGAGA GAAATGGATG   1320
TACGTAGGGC AAAATAAAGC AGGTCAAGTT TGGCATGACA TAACTGGAAA TAAACCAGGA   1380
ACAGTTACGA TCAATGCAGA TGGATGGGCT AATTTTTCAG TAAATGGAGG ATCTGTTTCC   1440
ATTTGGGTGA AACGA                                     1455

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1548 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

```

GCCGCACCGT TTAACGGCAC CATGATGCAG TATTTTGAAT GGTACTTGCC GGATGATGGC   60
ACGTATATGA CCAAGTGGC CAATGAAGCC AACAACTTAT CCAGCCTTGG CATCACCGCT   120
CTTTGGCTGC CGCCGCTTA CAAAGGAACA AGCCGACGCG ACGTAGGGTA CGGAGTATAC   180

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GACTTGATG	ACCTCGGCGA	ATTCAATCAA	AAAGGGACCG	TCCGCACAAA	ATACGGAACA	240
AAAGCTCAAT	ATCTTCAAGC	CATTCAAGCC	GCCCACGCCG	CTGGAATGCA	AGTGTACGCC	300
GATGTCGTGT	TCGACCATAA	AGGCGGCGCT	GACGGCACGG	AATGGGTGGA	CGCCGTGCAA	360
GTCAATCCGT	CCGACCGCAA	CCAAGAAATC	TCGGGCACCT	ATCAAATCCA	AGCATGGACG	420
AAATTGATT	TTCCCGGGCG	GGGCAACACC	TACTCCAGCT	TTAAGTGGCG	CTGGTACCAT	480
TTTGACGGCG	TTGATTGGGA	CGAAAGCCGA	AAATTGAGCC	GCATTTACAA	ATTCGCGGGC	540
ATCGGCAAG	CGTGGGATTG	GGAAGTAGAC	ACGGAACG	GAACTATGA	CTACTTAATG	600
TATGCCGACC	TTGATATGGA	TCATCCCGAA	GTCGTGACCG	AGCTGAAAAA	CTGGGGGAAA	660
TGGTATGTCA	ACACAACGAA	CATTGATGGG	TTCCGGCTTG	ATGCCGTCAA	GCATATTAAG	720
TTCAGTTTTT	TTCTGTATTG	GTGTCTGTAT	GTGCGTTCTC	AGACTGGCAA	GCCGCTATTT	780
ACCGTCGGGG	AATATTGGAG	CTATGACATC	AACAAGTTGC	ACAATTACAT	TACGAAAACA	840
GACGGAACGA	TGTCCTTGTT	TGATGCCCCG	TTACACAACA	AATTTTATAC	CGCTTCCAAA	900
TCAGGGGGCG	CATTGTGATAT	GCGCACGTTA	ATGACCAATA	CTCTCATGAA	AGATCAACCG	960
ACATTGGCCG	TCACCTTCGT	TGATAATCAT	GACACCGAAC	CCGCCAAGC	GCTGCAGTCA	1020
TGGGTGACCC	CATGTTTCAA	ACCGTTGGCT	TACGCCCTTA	TTCTAACTCG	GCAGGAAGGA	1080
TACCCGTGCG	TCTTTTATGG	TGACTATTAT	GGCATTCAC	AATATAACAT	TCCTTCGCTG	1140
AAAAGCAAAA	TCGATCCGCT	CCTCATCGCG	CGCAGGGATT	ATGCTTACGG	AACGCAACAT	1200
GATTATCTTG	ATCACTCCGA	CATCATCGGG	TGGACAAGGG	AAGGGGGCAC	TGAAAAACCA	1260
GGATCCGGAC	TGGCCGCACT	GATCACCGAT	GGGCCGGGAG	GAAGCAAATG	GATGTACGTT	1320
GGCAAACAAC	ACGCTGGAAA	AGTGTTCTAT	GACCTTACCG	GCAACCGGAG	TGACACCGTC	1380
ACCATCAACA	GTGATGGATG	GGGGGAATTC	AAAGTCAATG	GCGGTTCCGT	TTCGGTTTGG	1440
GTTCTAGAAA	AAACGACCGT	TTCTACCATC	GTCGGGCCGA	TCACAACCCG	ACCGTGGACT	1500
GGTGAATTCG	TCCGTTGGAC	CGAACCACGG	TTGGTGGCAT	GGCCTTGA		1548

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 485 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

His	His	Asn	Gly	Thr	Asn	Gly	Thr	Met	Met	Gln	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Trp	Tyr
1				5				10						15	
Leu	Pro	Asn	Asp	Gly	Asn	His	Trp	Asn	Arg	Leu	Asn	Ser	Asp	Ala	Ser
		20					25						30		
Asn	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ile	Thr	Ala	Val	Trp	Ile	Pro	Pro	Ala	Trp
		35					40					45			
Lys	Gly	Ala	Ser	Gln	Asn	Asp	Val	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Leu	Tyr
	50				55						60				
Asp	Leu	Gly	Glu	Phe	Asn	Gln	Lys	Gly	Thr	Val	Arg	Thr	Lys	Tyr	Gly
65				70				75						80	
Thr	Arg	Ser	Gln	Leu	Gln	Ala	Ala	Val	Thr	Ser	Leu	Lys	Asn	Asn	Gly
			85					90					95		
Ile	Gln	Val	Tyr	Gly	Asp	Val	Val	Met	Asn	His	Lys	Gly	Gly	Ala	Asp

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100					105					110				
Ala Thr Glu Met Val Arg Ala Val Glu Val Asn Pro Asn Asn Arg Asn														
115					120					125				
Gln Glu Val Thr Gly Glu Tyr Thr Ile Glu Ala Trp Thr Arg Phe Asp														
130					135					140				
Phe Pro Gly Arg Gly Asn Thr His Ser Ser Phe Lys Trp Arg Trp Tyr														
145					150					155		160		
His Phe Asp Gly Val Asp Trp Asp Gln Ser Arg Arg Leu Asn Asn Arg														
					165					170		175		
Ile Tyr Lys Phe Arg Gly His Gly Lys Ala Trp Asp Trp Glu Val Asp														
					180					185		190		
Thr Glu Asn Gly Asn Tyr Asp Tyr Leu Met Tyr Ala Asp Ile Asp Met														
					195					200		205		
Asp His Pro Glu Val Val Asn Glu Leu Arg Asn Trp Gly Val Trp Tyr														
					210					215		220		
Thr Asn Thr Leu Gly Leu Asp Gly Phe Arg Ile Asp Ala Val Lys His														
225					230					235		240		
Ile Lys Tyr Ser Phe Thr Arg Asp Trp Ile Asn His Val Arg Ser Ala														
					245					250		255		
Thr Gly Lys Asn Met Phe Ala Val Ala Glu Phe Trp Lys Asn Asp Leu														
					260					265		270		
Gly Ala Ile Glu Asn Tyr Leu Gln Lys Thr Asn Trp Asn His Ser Val														
					275					280		285		
Phe Asp Val Pro Leu His Tyr Asn Leu Tyr Asn Ala Ser Lys Ser Gly														
					290					295		300		
Gly Asn Tyr Asp Met Arg Asn Ile Phe Asn Gly Thr Val Val Gln Arg														
305					310					315		320		
His Pro Ser His Ala Val Thr Phe Val Asp Asn His Asp Ser Gln Pro														
					325					330		335		
Glu Glu Ala Leu Glu Ser Phe Val Glu Glu Trp Phe Lys Pro Leu Ala														
					340					345		350		
Tyr Ala Leu Thr Leu Thr Arg Glu Gln Gly Tyr Pro Ser Val Phe Tyr														
					355					360		365		
Gly Asp Tyr Tyr Gly Ile Pro Thr His Gly Val Pro Ala Met Arg Ser														
					370					375		380		
Lys Ile Asp Pro Ile Leu Glu Ala Arg Gln Lys Tyr Ala Tyr Gly Lys														
385					390					395		400		
Gln Asn Asp Tyr Leu Asp His His Asn Ile Ile Gly Trp Thr Arg Glu														
					405					410		415		
Gly Asn Thr Ala His Pro Asn Ser Gly Leu Ala Thr Ile Met Ser Asp														
					420					425		430		
Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Lys Trp Met Phe Val Gly Arg Asn Lys Ala Gly														
					435					440		445		
Gln Val Trp Ser Asp Ile Thr Gly Asn Arg Thr Gly Thr Val Thr Ile														
					450					455		460		
Asn Ala Asp Gly Trp Gly Asn Phe Ser Val Asn Gly Gly Ser Val Ser														
465					470					475		480		
Ile Trp Val Asn Lys														
					485									

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs

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(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:  
GCTGCGGTGA CCTCTTTAAA AAATAACGGC 30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:  
CCACCGCTAT TAGATGCATT GTAC 24

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:  
CTTACGTATG CAGACGTCGA TATGGATCAC CC 32

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:  
GATCCATATC GACGTCTGCA TACGTAAGAT AGTC 34

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 23 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:  
TTASGGGCAA GGCCTGGGAC TGG 23

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:  
CCCAGGCCTT GCCCSTAAAT TTATATATTT TGTTTTG 37

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

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(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

GGTTTCGGTT CGAAGGATTC ACTTCTACCG C 31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 33 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

GCGGTAGAAG TGAATCCTTC GAACCGAAAC CAG 33

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 43 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

GGTACTATCG TAACAATGGC CGATTGCTGA CGCTGTTATT TGC 43

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 28 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

CTGTGACTGG TGAGTACTCA ACCAAGTC 28

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

CTACTTCCCA ATCCCAAGCT TTACCTCGGA ATTG 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 35 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

CAAATTCGGA GGTAAAGCTT GGGATTGGGA AGTAG 35

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

TTGAACAACC GTTCCATTAA GAAG 24

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 60 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

CTCTGTATCG ACTTCCCACT CCCAAGCTTT TGTCTGAAT TTATATATTT TGTTTTGAA 60

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 60 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

CTCTGTATCG ACTTCCCACT CCCAAGCTTT GCCTCCGAAT TTATATATTT TGTTTTGAA 60

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 51 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

ATGTGTAAGC CAATCGCGAG TAAAGCTAAA TTTTATATGT TTCACTGCAT C 51

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

GCACCAAGGT CATTCGCCA GAATTCAGCC ACTG 34

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 39 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

TGTCAGAACC AACGCGTATG CACATGGTTT AAACCATTG 39

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 42 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear



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(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:  
CCACCTGGA CCATCGCTGC AGATGGTGGC AAGGCCTGAA TT 42

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:  
GGCAAAAGTT TGACGTGCCT CGAGAAGAGG GTCTAT 36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:  
TTGTCCCGCT TTATTCTGGC CAACATACAT CCAATT 36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:  
CCCAATCCCA AGCTTTACCA YCGAACTTGT AGATACG 37

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 37 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:  
CCCAATCCCA AGCTTTATCT CSGAACTTGT AGATACG 37

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:  
GATCCATATC GACGTCTGCA TACAGTAAT AATC 34

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 34 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

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(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32:

GATCCATATC GACGTCTGCA TAAATTAAAT AATC

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What is claimed is:

1. A variant of a parent *Bacillus stearothermophilus* alpha-amylase, wherein the variant has an amino acid sequence which has at least 95% homology to the parent *Bacillus stearothermophilus* alpha-amylase and comprises a deletion of amino acids 179 and 180, using SEQ ID NO:3 for numbering, and wherein the variant has alpha-amylase activity.

2. The variant of claim 1, wherein the variant further comprises a substitution of a cysteine at amino acids 349 and 428, using SEQ ID NO:3 for numbering.

3. A variant alpha-amylase, wherein the variant has at least 95% homology to SEQ ID NO:3 and comprises a

10 deletion of amino acids 179 and 180, using SEQ ID NO:3 for numbering and wherein the variant has alpha-amylase activity.

4. The variant of claim 3, wherein the variant further comprises a substitution of a cysteine at amino acids 349 and 428, using SEQ ID NO:3 for numbering.

5. A variant of a *Bacillus stearothermophilus* alpha-amylase, wherein the alpha-amylase variant consists of a deletion of amino acids 179 and 180, using SEQ ID NO:3 for numbering.

\* \* \* \* \*

## **EXHIBIT B**

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

NOVOZYMES A/S,

Plaintiff

C.A. No. 05-160-KAJ

v.

GENENCOR INTERNATIONAL, INC., and  
ENZYME DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Defendants

**DECLARATION OF FRANCES HAMILTON ARNOLD**

I, Frances Hamilton Arnold, do hereby declare as follows:

1. I am a citizen of the United States, and am more than twenty-one (21) years of age.
2. I am the Dickinson Professor of Chemical Engineering and Biochemistry at the California Institute of Technology (CIT), where I have been employed since 1986. From 1985-1986, before I began working at CIT, I was a Research Fellow in the Department of Chemistry and the University of California, Berkeley.
3. In 1985, I earned a Ph.D. degree in Chemical Engineering from the University of California, Berkeley. I received a B.S. degree *magna cum laude* from Princeton University in 1979.
4. I have received several professional awards and honors. These include: Institute of Medicine of the National Academies (2004); National Academy of Engineering (2000); Food, Pharmaceuticals, and Bioengineering Division Award, American Institute of Chemical